

# Relationships and Sex Education (RSE)

This policy applies to all pupils in school, including in the EYFS

Written	C Douglas
Reviewed	October 2022
Next review	October 2023
Revised by	C Douglas

#### **CONTENTS**

- 1. Statement of intent
- 2. Definitions
- 3. Delivery
- 4. Roles and responsibilities
- 5. Parents' rights to withdraw

This document draws significant guidance from 'Relationships Education, relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education' statutory guidance published by the DfE in July 2020.

Where this is the case, the document is quoted in italics, and referenced with (DfE guidance 2020)

#### 1. Statement of Intent

The aims of relationships and sex education (RSE) at Gidea Park Preparatory School and Nursery are to:

- Provide a framework in which sensitive discussions can take place
- Prepare pupils for puberty, and give them an understanding of sexual development and the importance of health and hygiene
- Help pupils develop feelings of self-respect, confidence and empathy
- Create a positive culture around issues of sexuality and relationships
- Teach pupils the correct vocabulary to describe themselves and their bodies
- Raise pupils' self-esteem and confidence
- Provide a further platform to discuss aspects of mental and physical health
- Develop communication and assertiveness skills

The RSE scheme of work will teach pupils to be accepting of the different beliefs, cultures, religions, sexual orientations, physical and mental abilities, backgrounds and values of those around them. We want our pupils to lead a healthy and safe lifestyle, teach them to care for and respect their bodies and provide them with all the right tools that will enable them to seek information or support, should they need it, both during their school years and after.

The aim of this policy is to ensure that the right provision is in place so that pupils may have all the background knowledge they need to make informed decisions and responsible choices as they grow up. The RSE Policy should be read in conjunction with our PSHE Policy and Curriculum Policy and procedures.

We have based our school's relationships and sex education policy on the statutory guidance document: "Relationships and Sex Education (RSE) and Health Education" (DfE, 2019) and the PSHE Association's supplementary guidance

#### 2. Definition

RSE is about the emotional, social and cultural development of pupils, and involves learning about relationships, sexual health, sexuality, healthy lifestyles, diversity and personal identity.

RSE involves a combination of sharing information and exploring issues and values.

RSE is not about the promotion of sexual activity.

### 3. Delivery

#### Guidance states that

The focus in primary school should be on teaching the fundamental building blocks and characteristics of positive relationships, with particular reference to friendships, family relationships, and relationships with other children and with adults. (DfE guidance 2020)

RSE is taught within the personal, social, health and economic (PSHRE) education curriculum. Biological aspects of RSE are taught within the Science curriculum, and other aspects may be included in Religious Education (RE).

Most importantly, the content of Relationships and Sex Education should match the age and maturity of the pupils involved and at EYFS, KS1 and KS2 include:

#### Attitudes and Values

- Valuing and respecting others and ourselves;
- Valuing and respecting healthy personal relationships, including between friends, families and others;
- Developing an understanding of the value of family life and an appreciation of the many different types of family;
- Recognising the importance of pursuing a healthy lifestyle and keeping others and ourselves safe.

## Knowledge and Understanding

- Recognising and naming parts of the body;
- Describing the reproductive system and childbirth;
- Developing and understanding of the physical and emotional aspects of puberty;
- Developing and understanding of behaviour that carries risks;
- Providing opportunities for pupils to ask questions and clarify misinformation.

#### Personal and Social Skills

- Developing skills in talking, listening and thinking about feelings and relationships;
- Enabling pupils to identify and seek help and support;
- Developing pupils abilities to make informed decisions, manage their relationships and in the future lead sexually fulfilling and healthy lives.

## **Terminology**

Pupils will be taught the anatomically correct names for body parts, but slang or everyday terms used in certain social circles will be discussed; this will surround discussion about what is and is not acceptable language to use.

## Establishing a safe learning environment and dealing with difficult questions

Teaching staff will use a range of strategies to deliver RSE but will focus on active and experiential learning techniques. This will enable pupil participation and involvement in their learning and develop pupil's confidence in talking, listening and thinking about relationships and sex. These techniques include:

- Establishing ground rules with pupils as in all aspects of PSHE a set of ground rules helps create a safe environment;
- Using 'distancing' techniques (talking about things in general, rather than personal, terms)
- Knowing how to deal with unexpected questions or comments from pupils;
- Encouraging reflection.
- an anonymous question box; this will enable pupils to feel more comfortable to ask questions without being identified
- making the classroom a 'cone of silence'; this means that whatever is discussed in the classroom stays in the classroom and should not be brought up at any other time. We hope this will give pupils the sense that they are in a safe zone to speak freely about relationships and sex.

In all PSHE and RSE sessions, teachers will ensure that a safe learning environment is established. A set of ground rules will provide boundaries over what is appropriate and not appropriate and about how to respond to unexpected, embarrassing questions or comments from pupils in a whole-class situation. Guidance for teachers is as follows:

- If a question is of a personal nature, remind the pupil of the ground rule: 'No-one has to answer personal questions';
- If a teacher or member of staff does not know or is unsure of an answer, they will say so and explain that they will get back to the pupil later (and try to specify when);
- Colleagues can always be consulted for support. It may be appropriate (having agreed with the pupil) to liaise with parent/carers.
- Lengthy or complicated responses are not usually necessary, a simple and concrete piece of information offers clarity and may avoid confusion, for example, 'At the moment we are looking at 'X', in Year 4 you will look at 'Y' in more detail.'
- Recognise different views are held, for example, about contraception;
- Place within the context of the schools RSE curriculum past and in the future;
- If a question is very explicit; it seems too old for a pupil; or inappropriate for a whole class session, acknowledge the question and, if teacher and pupil are concerned are comfortable with this, arrange to respond later, on an individual basis;
- If a pupil needs further support, s/he could be referred to the GP, helpline or outside agency;
- If there are concerns about sexual abuse, follow the school's child protection procedures.

# **Sex Education Content**

Guidance states that

"Sex education is not compulsory in primary schools" (DfE Guidance 2020)

However, the school recognises the responsibility it has in preparing children for adolescence. Science and PSHE content cover areas relating to stages of growth in humans (including puberty), as well as life cycles and reproduction on plants and animals. In addition to this, as stated, the school takes the recommendation below that;

It is important that the transition phase before moving to secondary school supports pupils' ongoing emotional and physical development effectively. The Department continues to recommend therefore that all primary schools should have a sex education programme tailored to the age and the physical and emotional maturity of the pupils. It should ensure that both boys and girls are prepared for the changes that adolescence brings... (DfE Guidance 2020)

To achieve this, the school has the option to deliver additional Sex Education lessons to Year 5 and 6 pupils. The content for these is designed to address misconception that arise at this time in a child's life, as suggested in the guidance...

Primary-age pupils will often ask their teachers or other adults questions pertaining to sex or sexuality which go beyond what is set out for Relationships Education. The school's policy should cover how the school handles such questions. Given ease of access to the internet, children whose questions go unanswered may turn to inappropriate sources of information. (DfE Guidance 2020)

These lessons centre largely around the reproductive system content associated with Key Stage 3 Science, as well as covering menstruation specifically for both genders. Sessions take place in both gender-separated groups, and as a whole class. Furthermore, children will have scope to pose questions which may or may not be answered at the discretion of the teacher delivering the sessions.

This content will be shared with parents prior to the lessons taking place in the Summer Term, and parents are invited to state areas they do not wish to be discussed, or similarly may opt to withdraw the child (see below for further information)

We consult with parents each year on whether they wish for this non-statutory element to be delivered and we are guided by the majority response. All parents have the option to withdrawn their child from this element of the RSE curriculum (see Section 5)

#### 4. Roles and Responsibilities

#### **The Governing Board**

The governing board of ILG will approve the RSE policy, and hold the headteacher to account for its implementation.

#### The Headteacher

The headteacher is responsible for ensuring that RSE is taught consistently across the school, and for managing requests to withdraw pupils from components of RSE.

## Staff

Staff are responsible for:

- Delivering RSE in a sensitive way
- Modelling positive attitudes to RSE
- Monitoring progress
- Responding to the needs of individual pupils
- Responding appropriately to pupils whose parents wish them to be withdrawn from the components of RSE

Staff do not have the right to opt out of teaching RSE. Staff who have concerns about teaching RSE are encouraged to discuss this with the headteacher.

## **Pupils**

Pupils are expected to engage fully in RSE and, when discussing issues related to RSE, treat others with

respect and sensitivity.

# 5. Parents right to withdraw

Parents' have the right to withdraw their children from the non-statutory components of RSE. Requests for withdrawal should be put in writing and addressed to the headteacher. A copy of withdrawal requests will be placed in the pupil's educational record. The headteacher will discuss the request with parents and take appropriate action. Parents do not have the right to withdraw from the 'relationships' part of the learning.

Alternative work will be given to pupils who are withdrawn from RSE.

## **Version control**

Date of adoption of this policy	May 2021
Date of last review of this policy	October 2023
Date for next review of this policy	October 2024
Policy owner (SMT)	C Douglas
Policy owner (Proprietor)	Amit Mehta (ILG)